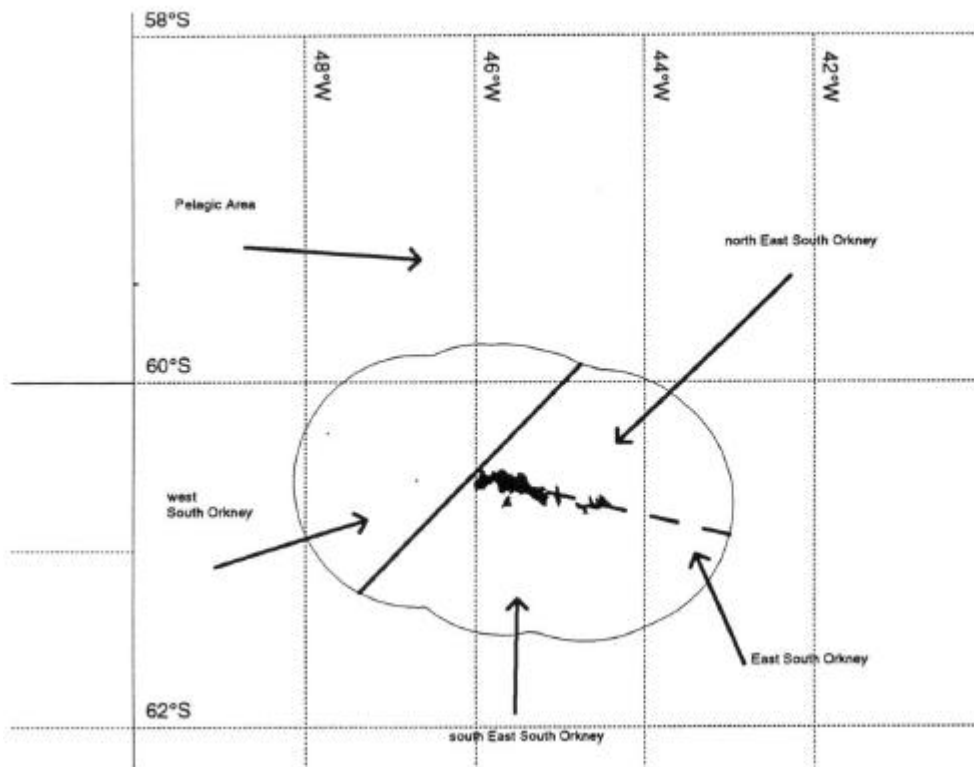


Figure 1: Proposed small-scale management units (SSMUs) for Subarea 48.1. The subarea is divided between a pelagic area and the land-based predator area, with the latter area divided into four main units: Drake Passage, Elephant Island, Bransfield Strait and the Western Antarctic Peninsula. The Drake Passage and Bransfield Strait units are proposed to be divided into east and west components to delineate different foraging grounds of land-based predators. Coordinates of these SSMUs are available from the Secretariat.



48.2

Figure 2: Proposed small-scale management units (SSMUs) for Subarea 48.2. The subarea is divided between a pelagic area and the land-based predator area, with the latter area divided into two main units: West South Orkney and East South Orkney. The division between north and south East South Orkney areas is proposed in the interim, pending further information on foraging of penguins from the Laurie and Powell Islands. Coordinates of these SSMUs are available from the Secretariat.

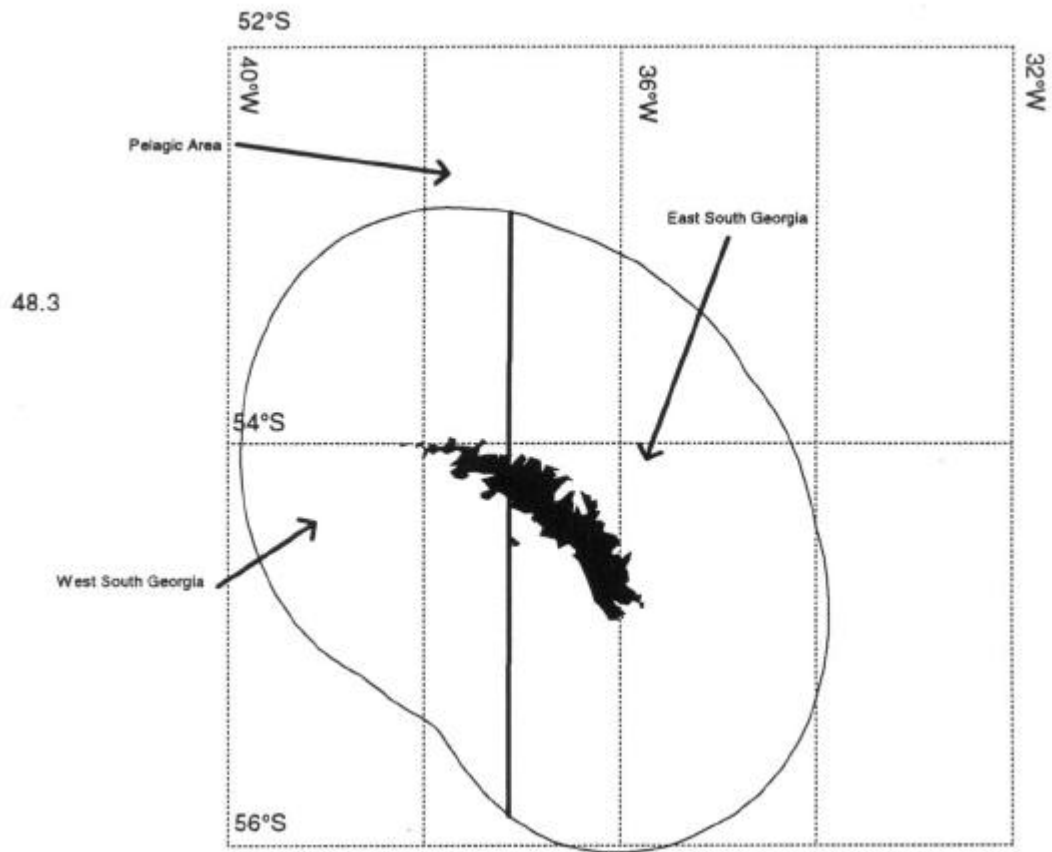


Figure 3: Proposed small-scale management units (SSMUs) for Subarea 48.3. The subarea is divided between a pelagic area and the land-based predator area, with the latter area divided into two main units: East South Georgia and West South Georgia. Coordinates of these SSMUs are available from the Secretariat.

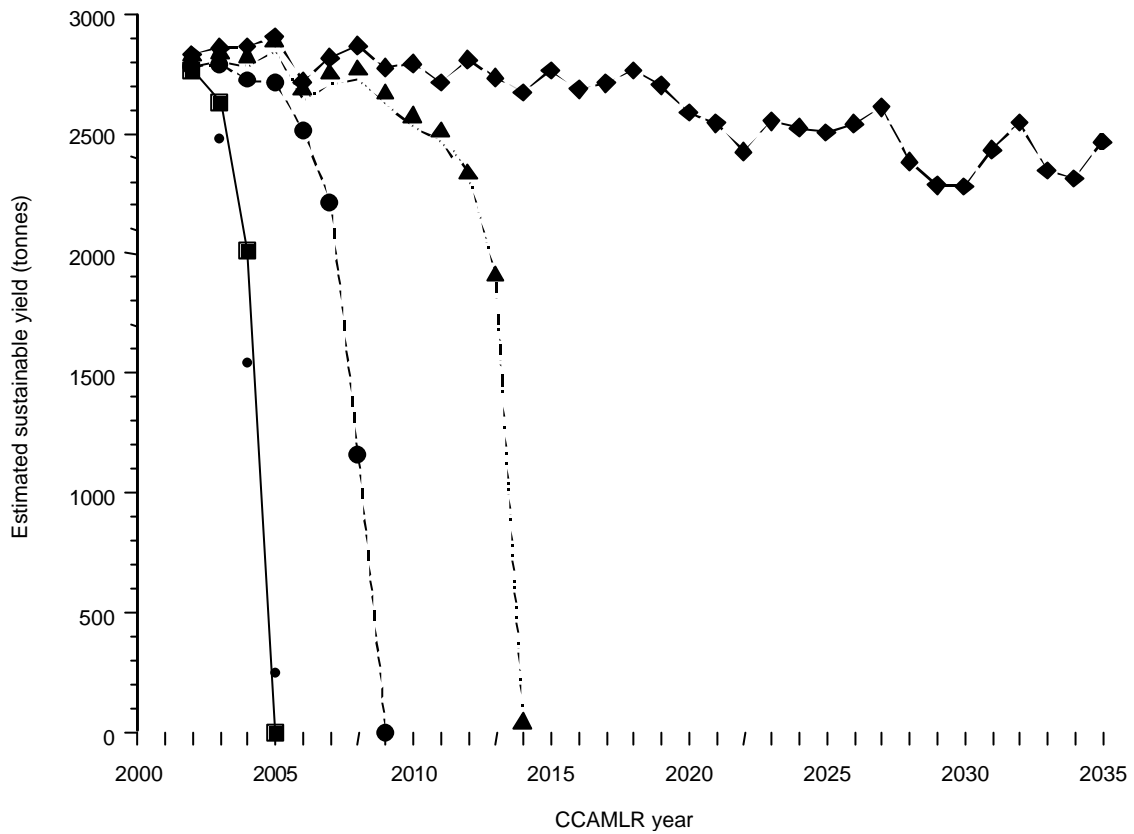


Figure 4: Projections of the estimated sustainable yield catch for *Dissostichus eleginoides*, using the CCAMLR assessment process under the following scenarios of IUU fishing in which the annual IUU catch is: (●) approximately 0.33x the estimated sustainable yield for 2001, (■) approximately 1x the estimated sustainable yield for 2001, (▲) approximately 2x the estimated sustainable yield for 2001, and (◆) approximately 4x the estimated sustainable yield for 2001.

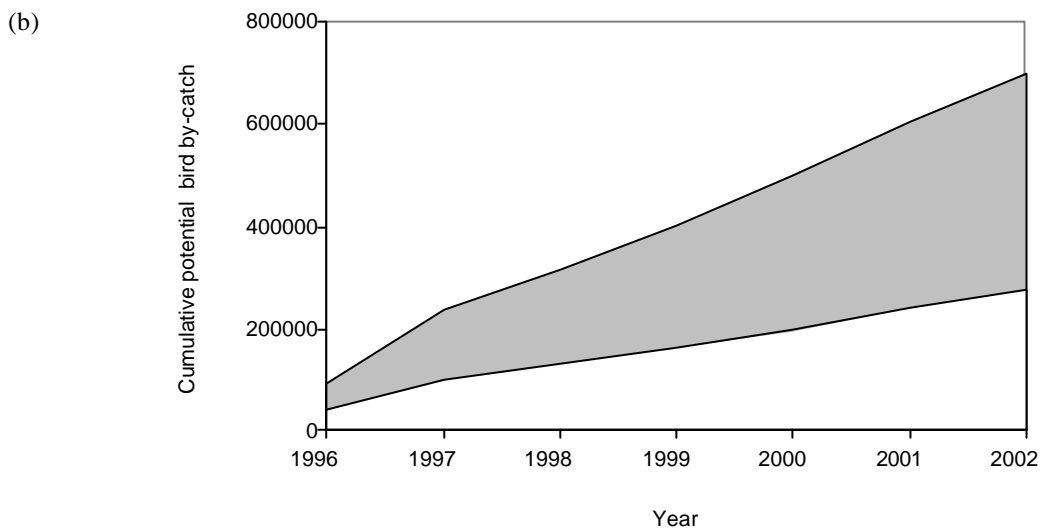
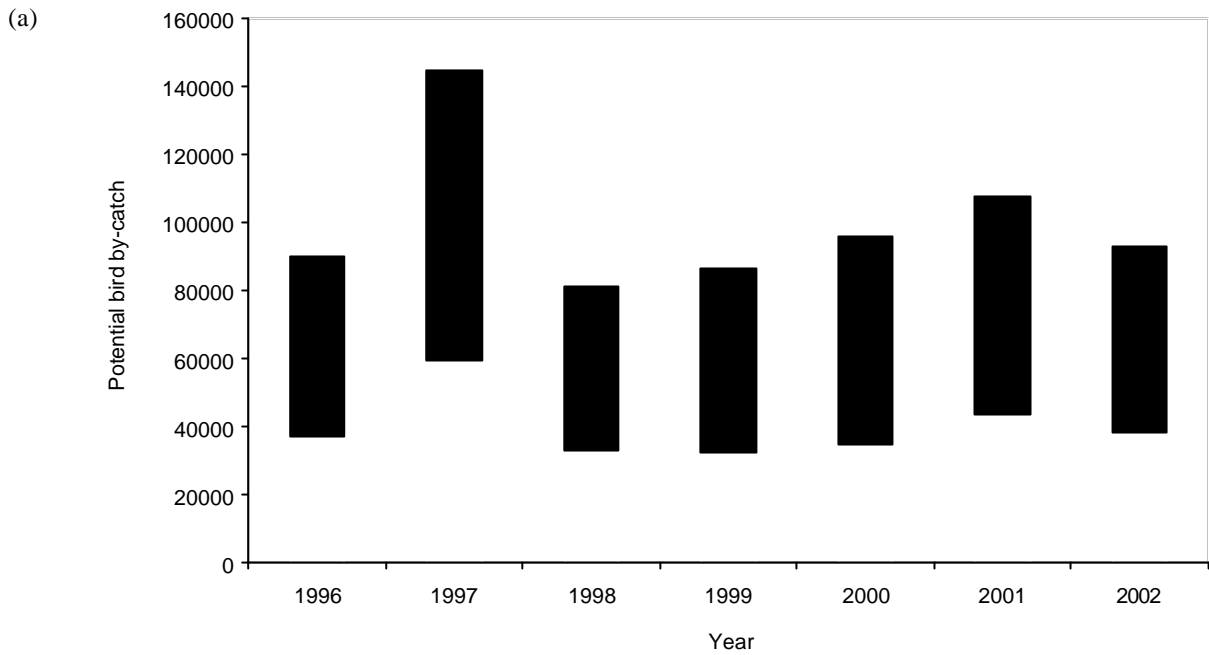


Figure 5: Estimated potential by-catch of seabirds in IUU longline fisheries in the Convention Area from 1996 to 2002: (a) annual range from the lower limit of the lower estimate to the upper limit of the upper estimate (see SC-CAMLR-XXI/BG/21); (b) cumulative numbers (shaded area) based on the lower limit of the lower estimate to the upper limit of the upper estimate (see SC-CAMLR-XXI/BG/21).